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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/083,653	02/27/2002	Wilhelm Koenig	449122024500 9474	
7590 05/04/2005			EXAMINER	
Kevin R. Spivak			TRIMMINGS, JOHN P	
Morrison & Foerster LLP				
Suite 5500			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
2000 Pennsylvania Avenue, N.W.			2133	
Washington, DC 20006-1888			DATE MAILED: 05/04/2005	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
	10/083,653	KOENIG ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
•	John P. Trimmings	2133				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	·					
Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from a cause the application to become ABANDONE	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status						
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 No.	ovember 2004 and 27 December	<u>2004</u> .				
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<u> </u>					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under E	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) ☑ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) 1-11 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.					
Application Papers						
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 24 November 2004 is/an Applicant may not request that any objection to the o Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	re: a) $\square$ accepted or b) $\square$ objected or by accepted or by acceptance. See it is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Application ity documents have been receive (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage				
Attachment(s)						
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)     Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)     Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal Pa 6) Other:	te atent Application (PTO-152)				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

This Office Action is in response to the applicant's amendments dated 11/24/2004 and 12/27/2004.

Claims 1 and 11 were amended.

Claims 1-11 are pending.

## Response to Amendment

- 1. In view of the applicant's changes to the Specification and Drawings, the examiner withdraws the objections to said Specification and Drawings, and approves the changes.
- 2. In view of the applicant's amendments to Claims 1 and 11, the examiner withdraws the rejections of said claims under 35 USC 112 second paragraph for antecedent issues and also for indefiniteness of the claims.

## Response to Arguments

3. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-11 have been considered but are most in view of the new grounds of rejection (see below).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. Claims 1, 3 and 11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Volk et al., U.S. Patent No. 4792950.

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As per Claims 1 and 11:

Volk et al. teaches a method and circuit for the detection of an interruption in a differential signal feed (see Abstract), comprising: a pair of input terminals (FIG.1 12, 14) receiving differential data signals (column 2 lines 11-13); and two inputs of a data comparator (FIG.1 70), connected to the input terminals, to generate data (FIG.1 CD), wherein the two input terminals are connected to respective comparators (FIG.1 62, 66), the comparators have an auxiliary voltage applied on the input side (FIG.1 REF V<sub>1</sub>, V<sub>2</sub>), and signals at outputs of the comparators (FIG.1 CA, CB) are evaluated such that an interruption of at least one of the signal feeds is detected (column 5 lines 49-67). As per Claim 3:

Volk et al. further teaches the input circuit as claimed in claim 1, wherein the input terminals are connected via a resistor to a terminating potential (12 via 46 to Vcc, 14 via 48 to common).

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

5. Claims 2, 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Volk et al., U.S. Patent No. 4792950 as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Barish et al., U.S. Patent No. 4967151.

## As per Claim 2:

Volk et al. fails to teach the input circuit as claimed in claim 1, wherein the input circuit is arranged in an integrated circuit. But in the analogous art of Barish et al., this feature is disclosed in the Summary. And, column 3 lines 1-30, for example, cites an

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advantage of providing shorts fault detection between the interconnect lines of differential circuits. One with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, motivated as suggested, would have found it obvious to provide the addition short fault checking to the circuitry of Volk in order to improve fault detecton.

### As per Claim 6:

Barish et al. further teaches the input circuit as claimed in claim 2, wherein resistors are arranged in the integrated circuit (FIG.5). And in view of the motivation previously stated, the claim is rejected.

### As per Claim 7:

Barish et al. fails to teach the input circuit as claimed in claim 2, wherein resistors are arranged outside the integrated circuit. But in the analogous art of Volk et al., FIG.1 teaches this feature. And in view of the motivation previously stated, the claim is rejected.

6. Claim 4 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Volk et al., U.S. Patent No. 4792950 as applied to claim 3 above, and further in view of Ichie, U.S. Patent No. 5050187. Volk et al. fails to teach the input circuit as claimed in claim 3, wherein there is at least one current source, which is supplied to the auxiliary voltages at the resistors. But in an analogous art, Ichie does teach this feature (column 14 lines 23-43 and FIG.18 J1 or J2). And in Ichie (column 2 lines 27-34), an advantage is stated which provides stable transmissions over differential lines in the event of shorted or open lines. One with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, motivated as

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suggested, would find it obvious to include the current source teachings of Ichie in order to improve the performance of a communications system.

- 7. Claim 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Volk et al., U.S. Patent No. 4792950 as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Phillips, U.S. Patent No. 3825682. Volk et al. fails to teach the input circuit as claimed in claim 1, wherein the auxiliary voltage is greater than the maximum input offset of the comparators and smaller than a minimum voltage swing of the data signal. But in an analogous art, Phillips does teach this feature in column 2 lines 19-47 and FIG.2. The advantage of this invention is stated in column 1 lines 48-67, where a circuit is provided which detects opens and shorts in the input lines. One with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, motivated as suggested, would find it obvious to include the reference voltage teachings of Phillips in order to improve the performance of a differential receiver.
- 8. Claim 8 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Volk et al., U.S. Patent No. 4792950 as applied to claim 2 above, and further in view of Barish et al., U.S. Patent No. 4967151 as applied to Claim 7 above, and further in view of Ichie, U.S. Patent No. 5050187. Volk et al. and Barish et al. fail to further teach the input circuit as claimed in claim 7 with current sources and voltage. However, Ichie teaches the input circuit having two current sources (FIG.18 J1, J2), each connected to one of the input terminals (FIG.18 A, B) and to a supply potential (FIG.18 Vcc), and each of the

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two current sources impresses a current which is lower than the currents flowing during normal operation (column 14 lines 25-43). And in view of the motivation previously stated, the claim is rejected.

- Claim 9 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Volk et 9. al., U.S. Patent No. 4792950 as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Sunter, U.S. Patent No. 6586921. Volk et al. fails to further teach the input circuit as claimed in claim 1, wherein the outputs of the comparators are respectively connected to a boundary scan cell of a boundary scan shift register. But in the analogous art of Sunter, this feature is taught in column 20 lines 54-67, column 21 lines 1-8, lines 49-54, and lines 61-63. And in column 4 lines 3-10, the invention provides special testing, such as input current leakage, using conventional low cost test protocol. One with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, motivated as suggested, would have found it obvious to add the boundary scan feature of Sunter to Volk et al., in order to provide additional specialized testing.
- Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Volk et 10. al., U.S. Patent No. 4792950 as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Gotoh et al., U.S. Patent Application 2003/0046015. Volk et al fails to teach the input circuit as claimed in claim 1, wherein the input circuit is configured to be switched off. But Gotoh et al. does teach this feature in FIG.10, where the input circuit 220 is switched off by circuit 240, when the circuit is not in test mode. And in column 3 paragraph [0021], the

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inventor cites the advantage of a circuit that can test and provide verification of inputs without degrading circuit performance (column 2 paragraph [0012]. One with ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention, motivated as suggested, would find it obvious to include the separate BSC circuit of Gotoh et al. in order to improve the performance of a differential receiver.

#### Conclusion :

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to John P. Trimmings whose telephone number is (571) 272-3830. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Thursday, 7:30 AM to 6:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Albert DeCady can be reached on (571) 272-3819. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

John P Trimmings

Examiner Art Unit 2133

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GUY LAMARRE PRIMARY EXAMINER Change approved 4/20/05 Met



#### REPLACEMENT SHEET



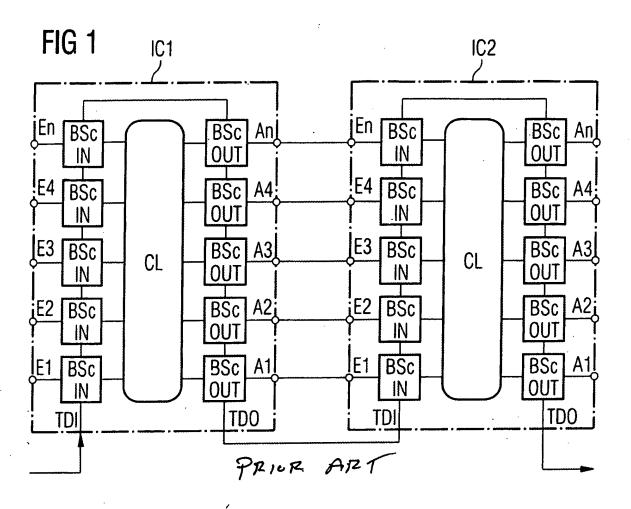


FIG 2

